2040 Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP) and Comprehensive Transportation Plan (CTP)

Alternatives Analysis

Public Input Process August 28, 2012



Presentation Outline

- What is DCHC MPO?
- What is 2040 MTP?
- What is Alternatives Analysis?
- How to understand the data provided for the Alternatives Analysis
- Next steps



What is the DCHC MPO?

Durham-Chapel Hill Carrboro Metropolitan Planning Organization

- Responsible for long range transportation planning in
 - Durham City and County, and
 - Parts of Orange County and Chatham County.
- Federal mandate MPO must plan use of federal transportation funding
- Project must be in MPO plan to receive state or federal funding (CTP, MTP and TIP)
- Policy Board -- Transportation Advisory Committee (TAC) composed mostly of local elected officials.



What is the DCHC MPO?



Relationship Between Plans





What is the 2040 Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP)?

- Lists <u>highway</u>, <u>transit</u> and other transportation projects to address future transportation deficiencies through year 2040.
- <u>Assumptions</u> based on future land use, population and employment.
- <u>Fiscal</u> Constraint Anticipated revenues must cover anticipated project costs.
- <u>Funding</u> -- Projects must be in LRTP to receive state and federal funding (via Transportation Improvement Program – TIP)
- <u>Used for Planning</u>
 - e.g., In development review, use LRTP to reserve right-of-way for future highway and fixed guideway projects

What is the 2035 LRTP Process?



DCHC

Durham-Chapel Hill-Camboro METROPOLITAN Planning Organization



- What
 - Set of highway and transit projects, and land use assumptions that produce transportation scenario for year 2040
- <u>Why</u>-
 - Compare impact of different projects and sets of projects on meeting transportation demand.
 - Inform development of final MTP and CTP

When –

- Release in August 2012
- Public input (e.g., workshops, public hearing) in August, September and early October 2012



-- Land Use Scenarios **Example**

Higher suitability around rail stations results in...



2040 Community Plan -- Employment

= Increased employment concentrations adjacent to rail transit



2040 Highway Intensive -- Employment



-- Transportation Networks

	Highway Intensive	Transit Intensive	Moderate			
Highway	 2035 LRTP CTP highway projects <u>410</u> new lanes miles <u>2,979</u> total lane miles in network 	 Basically, 2015 and 2025 tier No 2035 tier or CTP highway projects <u>120</u> new lanes miles <u>2,842</u> total lanes miles in network 	 Basically, 2035 LRTP (minus some minor highway projects) <u>261</u> new lanes miles <u>2,737</u> total lanes miles in network 			
Transit	 Current bus transit No rail transit 2,028 bus transit line miles (Triangle) 	 Current bus transit County plans (based on ½ cent sales tax) LRT between Durham and Wake (instead of CRT) LRT and CRT extensions in Orange County CRT addition between Cary and western RTP All Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) in Chapel Hill 2,646 bus transit line miles (Triangle) 69,354 transit service miles (Triangle) 520 miles of rail transit line (Triangle) 	 Current bus transit County plans (based on ½ cent sales tax) LRT and CRT (based on Locally Preferred Alternative) MLK Blvd Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) in Chapel Hill 2,882 bus transit line miles (Triangle) <u>66,211</u> transit service miles (Triangle) 150 miles of rail transit line (Triangle) 			



Alternatives Analysis -- Triangle Regional Model Output

 Triangle Regional Model Output Performance Measures Travel Isochrones Travel Time Congestion Maps (V/C)



<u>Travel isochrones</u> and <u>travel time by TAZ</u> presented only if results are informative.

Perform	nance Measures DCHC MPO			
	SE Data	2010	2040	2040
	Transportation Network	2010	E+C	2035
1	Performance Measures			
1.1.1	Total Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT-daily)	13,217,550	20,368,697	20,581,822
1.1.1a	Total Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT-per capit	33	32	33
1.2.1	Total Vehicle Hours Traveled (VHT-daily)	312,669	581,776	536,746
1.2.1a	Total Vehicle Hours Traveled (VHT-per capital	0.77	0.92	0.85
1.3	Average Speed by Facility (miles/hour)			
1.3.1	- Freeway	63	57	61
1.3.2	- Arterial	42	38	39
1.3.3	- All Facility	51	47	50







-- Performance Measures **Example**

TRM Performance Measures Su				
	2040 E+C	Highway	% Change	<u>E+C V. Highway Intensive</u>
1 Performance Measures		J .		 Moderate changes
1.1 Total VMT (daily)				
1.1.1 All Facility Connectors	21,281,636	21,962,571	3%	
1.1.2 All Facility (no C Connectors)	19,842,072	20,556,024	4%	VHT is down
1.2 Total VHT (daily)				Speeds are faster
1.2.1 All Facility Connectors	614,488	560,421	-9%	
1.2.2 All Facility (no C Connectors)	517,982	466,092	-10%	// 📕 Travel time is down a little
1.3 Average Speed by Facility (miles/hour)				Greater travel distances
1.3.1 - Freeway	55	61	10%	
1.3.2 - Arterial	37	39	5%	
1.3.3 - All Facility	46	50	10%	
1.4 Peak Average Speed by Facility (miles/hour)			
1.4.1 - Freeway	52	59	13%	
1.4.2 - Arterial	35	38	7%	
1.4.3 - All Facility	43	48	12%	
Daily Average Travel Length - Al 1.5 Trips	l Person		/	
1.5.1 - Travel Time	15.4	14.5	-6%	
1.5.2 - Travel Distance	5.9	6.2	4%	



Alternatives Analysis -- Congestion Maps **Example**



2040 E+C (no build)



2040 Highway Intensive

In Highway Intensive, <u>congestion persists</u> on interstates, freeways and major road corridors.



- <u>Period</u> From August 17 through October 10 (TAC public hearing)
- <u>Notice</u> newspaper, email lists, public service announcements
- <u>Workshops</u> Durham (2), Chapel Hill and Hillsborough
- Hearing At September 12 TAC meeting
- <u>Community</u> Presentation and comments at local boards and commissions (elected and appointed)
- <u>Agency</u> MPO will request comments from environmental and resource agencies





- Develop the Preferred Option (release in October 2012)
- Get public feedback on the Preferred Option (October through December 2012)
- Approve draft 2040 MTP (December 2012)



- Are there certain projects and policies that should be promoted?
- Invest more on <u>Roadways</u> or <u>Transit</u>?
- Invest more on roadway <u>widenings</u> or "<u>hotspots</u>" (e.g., intersections with long delays)?
- Invest more on <u>local</u> bus service or <u>fixed guideway</u> service (e.g., rail transit)?
- Use traditional revenue sources only or increase local taxes (e.g., sales tax, real estate transfer tax)?



Send Comments to:

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